



Survimed® OPD HN



Designed for easy absorption

1,33 kcal/mL peptide based tube feed with 52 % (of fat) as MCT* for the dietary management in case or at risk of malnutrition, in particular with malabsorption.

Combines high protein and high energy in low volume

20 % of energy from hydrolysed whey protein for easy absorption¹ and to meet increased protein needs

Adapted fat profile: with medium chain triglycerides (MCT, 52 % of fat) to promote fat absorption² with fish oil

Fibre-free for those who cannot tolerate fibre

HV-no:1069/;

Survimed® OPD HN

Ready to use, in 500 mL EasyBag



Nutritional Information

_	per 100 ml kJ 56	
Energy	kJ (kcal)	(133
Fat	g (kcai)	3,
of which saturates	g	2
of which MCT*	g	1,
of which mono-unsaturates	g	0,
of which polyunsaturates	g	0,
of which EPA** + DHA***	g	0,0
Carbohydrate	g	18,
of which sugars	g	1
of which lactose	g	≤ 0,3
Fibre	g	< 0
Protein	g	6,
Salt	g	0,3
Vitamins	9	0,5
Vitamin A	μ g RE°	13
of which β-Carotene	μg RE°	33,
Vitamin D	μg	1,
Vitamin E	mg a-TE°°	2,
Vitamin K	μg	10,
Vitamin C	mg	12,
Thiamin	mg	0,2
Riboflavin	mg	0,2
Niacin	mg/mg NE°°	
Vitamin B ₆	mg	0,2
Folic acid		40,
Vitamin B ₁₂	μg	0,4
Biotin	μg	
Pantothenic acid	μg	7, 0,7
Minerals, trace elements and other*	mg nutrionts	0,1
Sodium	mg (mmol)	135 (5,87
Potassium		260 (6,65
Chloride	mg (mmol)	120 (3,38
Calcium	mg (mmol)	90 (2,25
Phosphorus	mg (mmol)	72 (2,32
Magnesium	mg (mmol)	30 (1,23
Iron	mg (minor)	2,
Zinc	-	2, 1,
	mg mg	0,2
Copper	mg	
Manganese Fluoride	mg	0,4 0,2
	mg	
Selenium	μg	10,
Chromium	μg	10,
Molybdenum	μ g	15,
lodine	μg	20,
Choline*	mg	55,
Osmolarity Water	mOsmol/L mL	40 80,

Fat 25, carbohydrate 55, fibre 0, protein 20

*medium chain triglycerides (MCT), **eicosapentaenoic acid (EPA), ***docosahexaenoic acid (DHA) $^{\circ}$ retinol equivalents (RE), $^{\circ\circ}$ alpha-tocopherol equivalents ($^{\circ}$ TE), $^{\circ\circ}$ niacin equivalents (NE)

General Information

Food for special medical purposes.

Nutritionally complete high-caloric (1,33 kcal/mL) peptide-based tube feed, high in hydrolysed whey protein (20 % of energy). With fish oil, with MCT, Fibre-free. Clinically free from lactose and gluten free. For the dietary management in case/at risk of malnutrition, in particular with malabsorption.

Dosage

To be determined by a healthcare professional according to patients' needs. Recommendation for complete nutrition \geq 1 000 mL (1330 kcal)/day.

Important notice:

To be used under medical supervision. Monitor feeding rate. Suitable as sole source of nutrition. Not suitable for children < 3 years. Use with caution in children < 6 years. Not suitable for patients with galactosaemia. Ensure adequate fluid intake. **Not for parenteral (IV) use!**

Instructions for use:

Recommended tube size is ≥ CH 8 for pump assisted feeding and for gravity feeding the minimum tube size is CH 8. Store at room temperature. Once opened, use within 24 hours. Shake well before use! Do not use if bag is damaged or swollen or content is coagulated. Do not mix with other medicines

Additional considerations:

Not suitable whenever enteral nutrition is prohibited such as in acute gastrointestinal bleeding, ileus and shock. Use with caution in severe organ failure with impaired metabolism and severe forms of malassimilation. Not suitable for patients with congenital inability to metabolise nutrients contained in Survimed OPD HN.

Ingredients

Water, maltodextrin, hydrolysed whey protein (from $\underline{\text{milk}}$), medium chain triglycerides, vegetable oils (rapeseed oil, safflower oil), potassium phosphate, $\underline{\text{fish}}$ oil, calcium citrate, sodium chloride, stabilisers (E 460, E 466), choline chloride, vitamin C, calcium chloride, sodium hydroxide, magnesium oxide, potassium chloride, emulsifier (E 472c), ferrous sulphate, zinc sulphate, vitamin E, niacin, manganese chloride, pantothenic acid, thiamin, cupric sulphate, sodium fluoride, riboflavin, vitamin B₆, vitamin A, beta-carotene, folic acid, chromium chloride, sodium molybdate, sodium selenite, potassium iodide, vitamin K, biotin, vitamin D, vitamin B₁₂



1) Alexander DD, Bylsma LC, Elkayam L, et al. Nutritional and health benefits of semi-elemental diets: A comprehensive summary of the literature. World J Gastrointest Pharmacol Ther. 2016;7(2):306-319. 2) Hegazi RA, Wischmeyer PE. Clinical review: optimizing enteral nutrition for critically ill patients - a simple data-driven formula. Crit Care. 2011;15(6):234. 3) Jadhav HB, Annapure US. Triglycerides of medium-chain fatty acids: a concise review. J Food Sci Technol. 2023 Aug;60(8):2143-2152.

